



More Precision

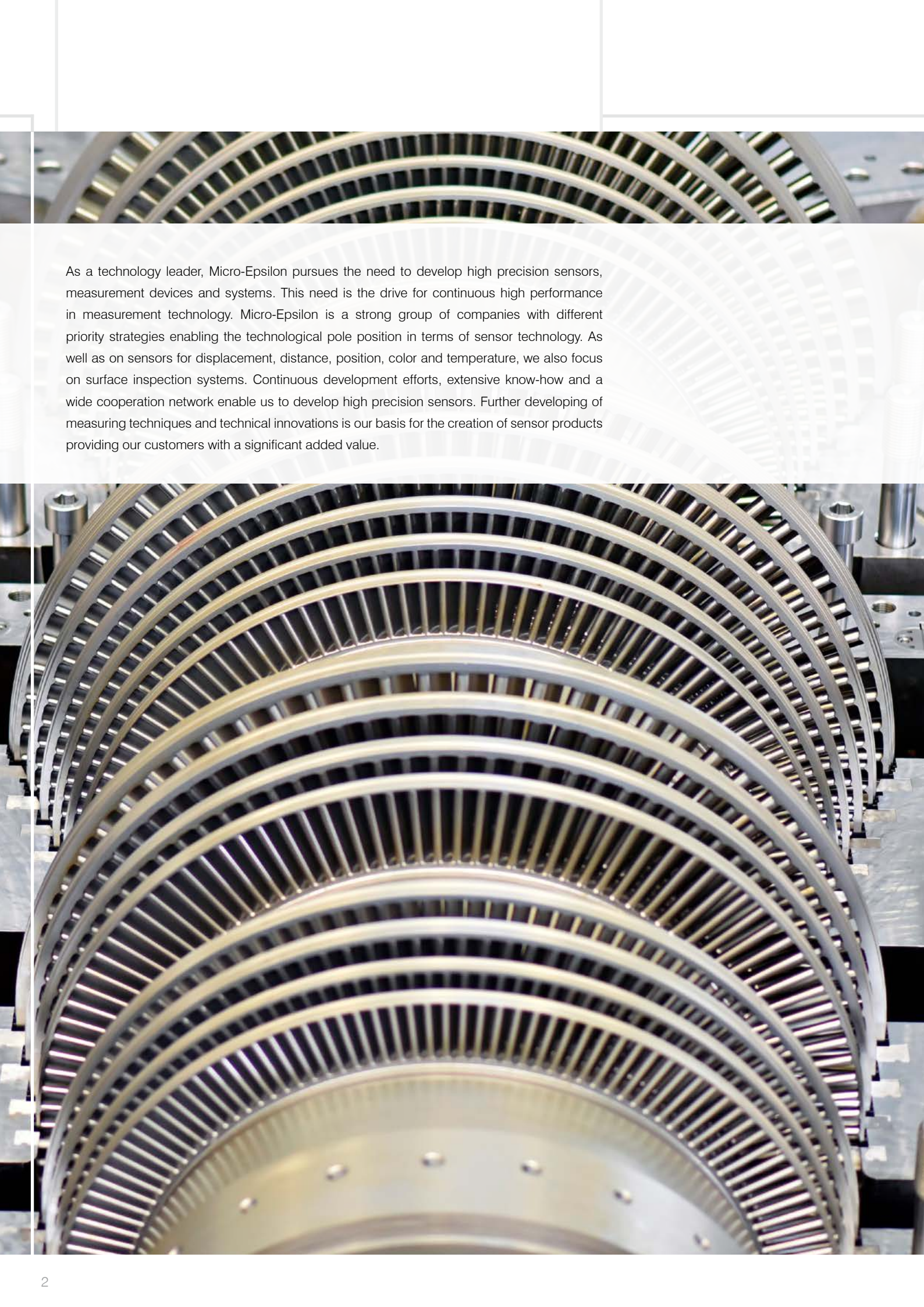
Measurement Product Guide // 2018



Displacement
Distance
Position

Dimension
Temperature
Color



The background of the page is a high-resolution, close-up photograph of a large industrial machine, likely a gas turbine or a compressor. The image shows multiple concentric rings of curved, metallic blades. The blades are arranged in a way that creates a strong sense of depth and perspective, with the lines of the blades converging towards the center. The lighting is bright, highlighting the metallic surfaces and the intricate details of the blade geometry. The overall tone is technical and industrial.

As a technology leader, Micro-Epsilon pursues the need to develop high precision sensors, measurement devices and systems. This need is the drive for continuous high performance in measurement technology. Micro-Epsilon is a strong group of companies with different priority strategies enabling the technological pole position in terms of sensor technology. As well as on sensors for displacement, distance, position, color and temperature, we also focus on surface inspection systems. Continuous development efforts, extensive know-how and a wide cooperation network enable us to develop high precision sensors. Further developing of measuring techniques and technical innovations is our basis for the creation of sensor products providing our customers with a significant added value.

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Application fields

Sensors and measurement devices from Micro-Epsilon are used in numerous industries. Whether it is for automation, OEM, research and development, test and inspection, quality assurance, maintenance and service, or process control; sensors make a vital contribution to the improvement of your products and efficiency of your processes. From global major groups to medium-sized companies and engineering service providers - sensors and solutions from Micro-Epsilon ensure reliable measurements results with highest precision all over the world. From machine building and automated production lines in the food industry, to integrated OEM solutions - nearly all industries benefit from sensor technology.



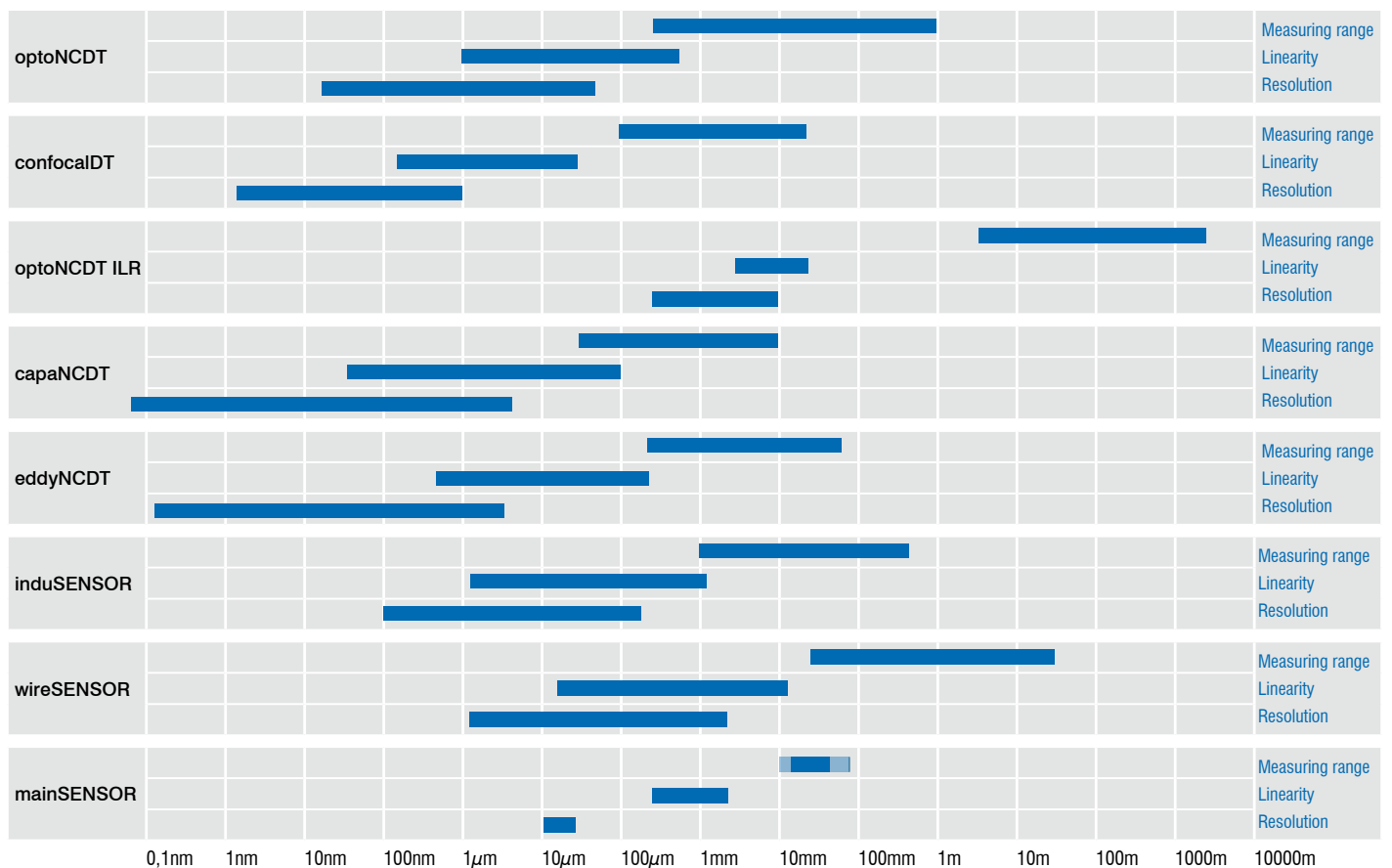
Automation processes
 Quality assurance of products
 Production control
 Process monitoring and control

OEM Integration
 Finished products
 Vehicles
 Machines, devices and appliances

Sensors and systems for displacement, position, color and temperature

Research and development
 Product and process optimization
 Test bench and road test
 Basic research in industry

Machine building and plant engineering
 Machine monitoring
 Plant controller
 Care and maintenance





Laser triangulation: Non-contact displacement and position sensors

optoNCDT sensors are based on the principle of optical triangulation for non-contact displacement measurement. A sensor emits a laser beam that becomes an extremely small light spot on the target surface. This spot is projected onto a very sensitive linear detector via an imaging optics. A change in position of the laser point is imaged onto the detector and processed by a signal processor. Nearly all models operate with a high-resolution CCD or CMOS line and a digital signal processor.

Advantages

- Detection of smallest targets due to point-shaped measurement
- Large measuring ranges
- Large reference distance
- High resolution
- Excellent linearity
- High measuring rates
- Synchronization of several sensors
- Measurement of shiny metallic and rough surfaces



Largest range in the world

From low-cost entry models to high precision top class - optoNCDT sensors are primarily used in process automation and quality assurance applications.



Distance measurement in dispenser systems and printers

The compact optoNCDT 1420 models are used for distance measurements in dispenser systems and 3D printers. Both the Auto Target Compensation (ATC) feature and high measuring rates enable stable measurements even on changing surfaces.



Models with small laser line

The LL series is designed for shiny metallic and rough surfaces. With a small laser line, these sensors compensate for varying reflections.



optoNCDT 1320

Compact laser triangulation displacement sensor for fast and precise measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	10 25 50 100
Linearity	0.12% FSO
Repeatability	from 1µm
Measuring rate	2kHz



optoNCDT 1420

Smart laser triangulation displacement sensor for fast and precise measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	10 25 50 100 200 500
Linearity	±0.08 % FSO
Repeatability	from 0.5µm
Measuring rate	4kHz



optoNCDT 1610/1630

High speed PSD sensor

Measuring ranges (mm)	4 10 20 50 100
Linearity	±0.2 % FSO
Resolution	0.005% FSO
Frequency response	up to 100kHz (-3 dB)



optoNCDT 1750

Universal sensor with integrated controller for industrial applications

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 10 20 50 100 200 500 750
Linearity	≤ ±0.06% FSO
Repeatability	from 0.1µm
Measuring rate	7.5kHz



optoNCDT 1700BL/2300BL/2300-2DR

Laser sensor with Blue Laser Technology for metals and organic materials

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 5 20 50 200 500 750 1000
Linearity	±0.03% FSO
Resolution	0.0015% FSO
Measuring rate	49kHz



optoNCDT 2300

Highly dynamic laser sensor in the 50kHz class

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 5 10 20 50 100 200 300
Linearity	±0.02% FSO
Resolution	0.0015% FSO
Measuring rate	49kHz



optoNCDT 1750LL / 2300LL

Laser sensors for shiny metallic objects

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 10 20 50
Linearity	±0.02% FSO
Resolution	0.0015% FSO
Measuring rate	49kHz



optoNCDT 1710 / 2310

Long-range sensors for large distances

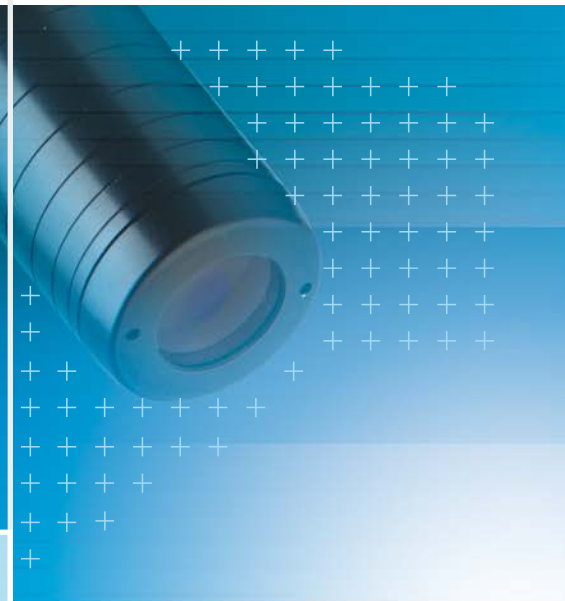
Measuring ranges (mm)	10 20 40 50 1000
Linearity	±0.03% FSO
Resolution	0.005% FSO
Measuring rate	49kHz



thicknessSENSOR

The sensor for non-contact thickness measurements of strip and plate material

Measuring ranges (mm)	10 25
Linearity	±0.01% FSO
Measuring rate	4kHz
Measuring width (mm)	200 400



Confocal chromatic principle: Non-contact displacement sensors

The confocalDT measurement system consists of a controller with a white light source and a sensor. Both components are connected via long optical-fiber cable up to 50m. Polychromatic white light is focused onto the target surface by a multilens optical system. The distance between the focal point and the sensor varies due to the chromatic aberration of the sensor lens. A certain distance is assigned to each wavelength in the controller. The reflected light is directed onto receiving optics which detects the spectral intensity distribution. This unique measuring principle enables high precision measurements on diffuse and reflecting surfaces. With transparent objects, distance measurements as well as one-sided thickness measurements of single- and multi-layer objects can be performed.

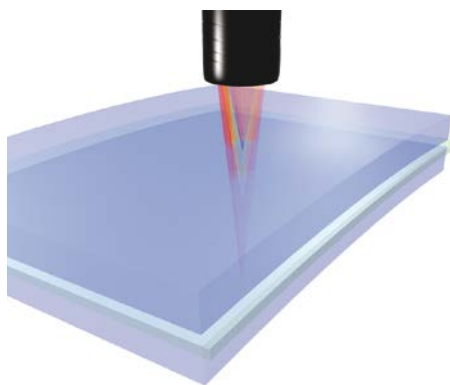
Advantages

- Extremely high resolution
- Suitable for all surfaces
- Extremely small, constant spot size
- Compact beam path
- One-sided multi-layer thickness measurement of transparent materials
- Vacuum-suitable sensor design on request



Thickness measurement of sleeves

Two synchronized sensors detect the bottom thickness of sleeves in a two-sided arrangement.



One-sided thickness measurement of transparent materials

The unique measuring principle enables one-sided thickness measurement of transparent materials and even multi-layer materials to nanometer accuracy using just one single sensor.



Measuring the thickness and roundness of bottles

confocalDT 2422 is used to measure the thickness and roundness of glass bottles with two channels. Thickness calibration enables varying distances between the sensor and the bottles without influencing the measurement accuracy.



confocalDT 2421/2422

Single and dual-channel controller with integrated light source for industrial applications

Linearity	$\pm 0.025\%$ FSO
Resolution	1nm
Measuring rate	continuously adjustable 100Hz to 6.5kHz



confocalDT 2451

Universal controller with integrated light source

Linearity	$\pm 0.025\%$ FSO
Resolution	1nm
Measuring rate	continuously adjustable 100Hz to 10kHz



confocalDT 2461

High performance controller with integrated light source for measuring rates up to 25kHz

Linearity	$\pm 0.025\%$ FSO
Resolution	1nm
Measuring rate	continuously adjustable 100Hz to 25kHz



confocalDT 2471 HS

High-speed controller with integrated light or external light source for measuring rates up to 70kHz

Linearity	$\pm 0.025\%$ FSO
Resolution	1nm
Measuring rate	continuously adjustable 100Hz to 70kHz



IFS 2402

Miniature sensors (gradient index lens) for the inspection in tightest spaces

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.4 1.5 2.5 3.5
Version with axial and radial (90°) beam path	



IFS 2403

Confocal hybrid sensors with narrow gradient index lens and relay lens

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.4 1.5 4 10
Extended offset distances	



IFS 2405

Standard sensors for precise distance and thickness measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.3 1 3 10 28 30
Large offset distance and tilt angle	



IFS 2406

Compact confocal chromatic sensors for precise displacement and thickness measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	2.5 3 10
Version with axial or radial beam path	



IFS2407/90-0,3

Compact, confocal 90° sensor for displacement and surface roughness measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.3
Small spot size and large tilt angle	



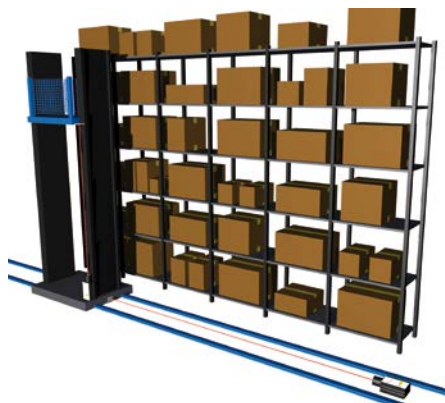
Time-of-flight principle: Non-contact laser gaging and distance sensors

Optoelectronic optoNCDT ILR sensors are designed for non-contact distance and displacement measurements with large measuring ranges. The 118x series is based on the phase comparison principle, where modulated laser light is permanently transmitted to the object. The receiver compares the phase shift of the transmitted signal with the received signal, enabling the distance to be precisely calculated.

All other optoNCDT ILR sensors operate according to the time-of-flight principle. Here, a laser pulse is transmitted and the time it takes for the reflected pulse to arrive back at the sensor is precisely measured. The distance can be measured based on the speed of light and the measured time period. Depending on the application and the required measuring range, the sensors operate on diffuse reflecting surfaces or on a special reflector plate.

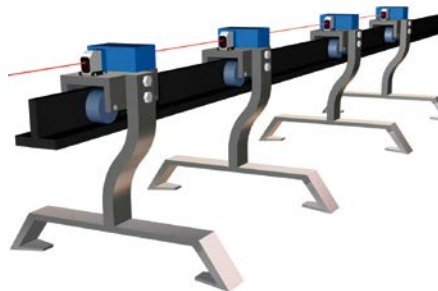
Advantages

- Very large measuring range
- High repeatability
- Fast response time
- Excellent price/performance ratio
- Open interfaces



Position measurement in stacker cranes

Fast response times combined with high measurement accuracy facilitate the exact positioning of stacker cranes.



Distance measurement of overhead conveyors

The distance between the conveyors is detected in order to efficiently control the production flow.



Measurement of coil diameters

The quantity of steel wound on and off is monitored via the detection of the coil diameter using laser gaging sensors.



optoNCDT ILR 1030/1031
Compact laser distance sensors

Measuring ranges	no reflector 0.2 - 15m
	with reflector 0.2 - 50m
Linearity	±20mm
Repeatability	<5mm
Response time	10ms



optoNCDT ILR 102x/110x/115x
Gaging sensors / Distance sensors

Measuring ranges	Gaging sensor 0.2 - 10m
	with reflector 0.2 - 250m
Linearity	±3mm
Repeatability	±2mm
Response time	12ms



optoNCDT ILR 1181/1182/1183
Precise laser distance sensors

Measuring range	0.1 - 150m
Linearity	±2mm
Repeatability	<0.5mm
Response time	20ms



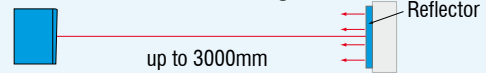
optoNCDT ILR 1191
Laser distance sensors

Measuring range	0.5 - 3000m
Linearity	±20mm
Repeatability	<20mm
Response time	0.5ms

Measurement is performed directly onto the target



Measurement against a reflector which is installed on the target



	ILR	1020	1030	1100	1150	1021	1031	1101	1151	1181	1182	1183	1191
Measuring range in gaging mode (without reflector)	6m	•		•									
	8m		•										
	10m				•								
	15m		•										
	50m									•	•	•	
	300m												•
Measuring range with reflector	30m					•							
	50m						•	•					
	150m									•	•	•	
	250m								•				
	3000m												•

optoNCDT ILR sensors are particularly suitable for filling level measurement, safety applications, height measurement of lifting systems, overhead conveyors, crane systems and for positioning lifts. The optoNCDT ILR 1191 is specially designed for outdoor use and port facilities.





Non-contact capacitive displacement and position sensors



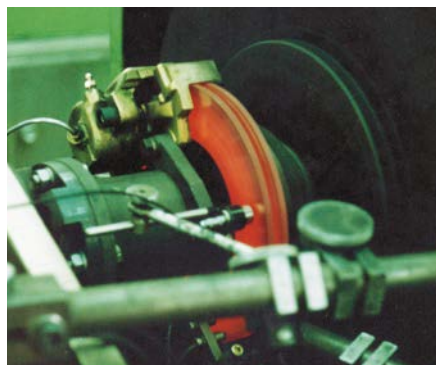
Capacitive displacement sensors are based on the principle of the ideal plate capacitor. The sensor acts as an electrode while the ground electrode is the target. This technique enables measurements against all conducting and semiconducting objects. Micro-Epsilon has extended the capacitive measuring principle with some innovative functions, which enable highly linear output characteristics, nanometer precise resolution and very stable measurement results. The linear characteristic of the measurement signal is obtained for measurements against electrically-conducting materials without any additional electronic linearization. These non-contact sensors are ideal for industrial applications in production plants, in-process quality assurance and test bench applications.

Advantages

- High precision
- High speed and high resolution
- Large temperature range
- Material-independent with conducting materials
- Extreme signal stability



Capacitive sensors are also used for air gap measurement in large electric motors.



Even under harsh conditions in the test bench, capacitive sensors provide highest precision e.g. when measuring wear on a brake disk.



Non-contact, capacitive displacement sensors are used for nanometer adjustments of lenses in objectives for wafer exposures.



capaNCDT 6110

Compact single-channel system

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.05 0.2 0.5 0.8 1 2 3 5 10
Linearity	±0.05% FSO
Resolution	0.01% FSO
Bandwidth	up to 20kHz (-3dB)



capaNCDT 6200

Modular multi-channel system

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.05 0.2 0.5 0.8 1 2 3 5 10
Linearity	±0.025% FSO
Resolution	0.0005% FSO
Bandwidth	up to 20kHz (-3dB)



capaNCDT 6500

Modular multi-channel system

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.05 0.2 0.5 0.8 1 2 3 5 10
Linearity	±0.025% FSO
Resolution	0.000075% FSO
Bandwidth	8.5kHz (-3dB)



combiSENSOR

One-side thickness measurement of plastic films and coated metals

Target thickness	40µm ... max. 6mm
Working distance	2 ... 10mm
Resolution	0.0018% FSO
Bandwidth	1kHz (-3 dB)



Web interface

The web interface for controller configuration opens via Ethernet. Up to 8 channels can be visualized and linked arithmetically.



Large range of capacitive sensors

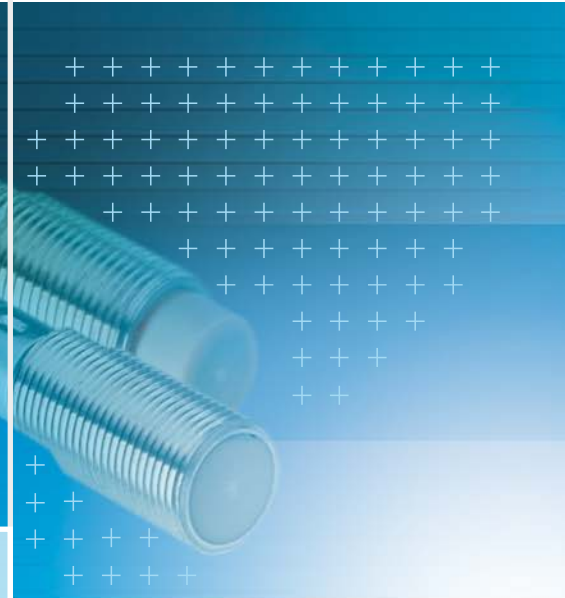
Capacitive displacement sensors from Micro-Epsilon are available in different designs and versions. They differ with respect to measuring range, design and manufacturing technology. Capacitive sensors are available in a cylindrical design (with integrated cable or socket) or as flat sensors (with integrated cable). These sensors can be exchanged without recalibration; the sensor replacement can be completed rapidly. Most sensors can be used in clean rooms as well as in ultra-high vacuum.

Specific sensors for OEM applications

Micro-Epsilon sensors can be adapted to customer requirements with respect to:

- Shape & size
- Sensor material
- Cable
- Miniaturization
- Cryogenic or high temperatures
- Integrated controller with sensor for OEM design





Eddy current principle: Non-contact displacement and position sensors

Non-contact eddyNCDT displacement sensors are based on the eddy current principle. They enable non-contact and wear-free measurements without exerting any forces onto the measurement object. Eddy current sensors are used for electrically conductive materials. The objects may have ferromagnetic and non-ferromagnetic characteristics. Due to its immunity to e.g. oil, dirt, water and electromagnetic interference fields, this measuring principle is also ideally suitable for applications which require precise measurements in harsh industrial environments.

Extreme temperature stability

Eddy current sensors from Micro-Epsilon can be used in a large temperature range and some models from -50°C to $+350^{\circ}\text{C}$. Their large temperature range and resistance to dirt and dust enable a wide application variety in industrial environments. While conventional eddy current sensors are subject to an extreme drift in case of fluctuating temperatures in the ambient, an active temperature compensation provides eddyNCDT sensors with maximum signal stability. This is how eddy current sensors from Micro-Epsilon stand out in large temperature ranges.

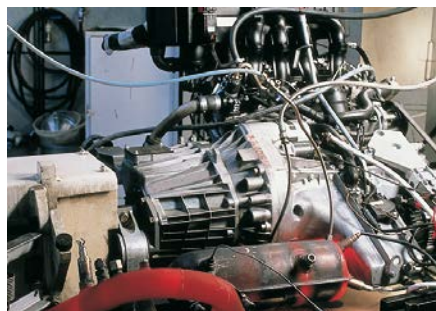
Advantages

- Non-contact and wear-free
- High resolution and linearity
- Stable measurement signals
- High dynamics
- Excellent temperature range and temperature stability
- For industrial applications



Example: machine monitoring

Eddy current sensors monitor the fluctuating thickness of yarns in textile machines.



Example: test bench

In the automotive industry, eddy current sensors operate inside a running combustion engine under harsh test conditions.



Example: power supply

Non-contact displacement sensors monitor the blade gap, enabling low-wear and long-term operation in gas turbines.



eddyNCDT 3001

Compact eddy current sensors with integrated controller

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 4 6 8
Linearity	$\pm 0.7\%$ FSO
Resolution	0.1% FSO
Bandwidth	5kHz (-3dB)



eddyNCDT 3005

Miniaturized eddy current measurement system, ideal for integration into machines and systems

Measuring ranges (mm)	1 2 3 6
Linearity	$\pm 0.25\%$ FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Bandwidth	5kHz (-3dB)



eddyNCDT 3060

A new performance class in inductive displacement measurements

Measuring ranges (mm)	1 2 3 4
Linearity	$\leq 0.1\%$ FSO
Resolution	$\leq 0.002\%$ FSO
Bandwidth	20kHz (-3 dB)



eddyNCDT 3300

High precision eddy current system for industrial applications

Measuring ranges (mm)	0.4 0.8 1 2 3 4 6 8 15 22 40 80
Linearity	$\pm 0.2\%$ FSO
Resolution	0.005% FSO
Frequency response	100kHz (-3dB)
Standard and miniature sensors	



Largest sensor range worldwide

Our long-term technology leadership in the field of eddy current sensor technology is reflected by the range of products - more than 400 sensors are available in different designs for different applications.

Customer-specific sensors

Modifications to the standard eddy current sensors are often required, particularly for small and large series. We can modify the measurement systems according to your specific requirements e.g. changes to the cable, sensor material and design. For example, sensors with integrated electronics in a industrial housing or special sensor designs are often requested by systems integrators.

Subminiature sensors for confined installation space

As well as standard sensors with conventional designs, miniature sensors can also be supplied that achieve high precision measurements of the smallest possible dimensions. Pressure-resistant versions, shielded housings, ceramic types and other special features characterise these sensors, which achieve highly accurate measurement results despite their small dimensions. Miniature sensors are employed in high-pressure applications, e.g. in combustion engines.



Smallest sensors worldwide



Inductive displacement and position sensors

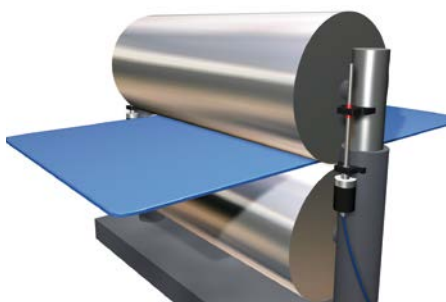


Inductive displacement sensors are used extensively in applications such as automated processes, quality assurance, test rigs, hydraulics, pneumatic cylinders, and automotive engineering. The advantages of these displacement sensors are well known and highly valued, and include ruggedness, reliability under harsh conditions, high signal quality and good temperature stability. Electromagnetic induSENSOR models are based on the well-proven, inductive and eddy current principle.

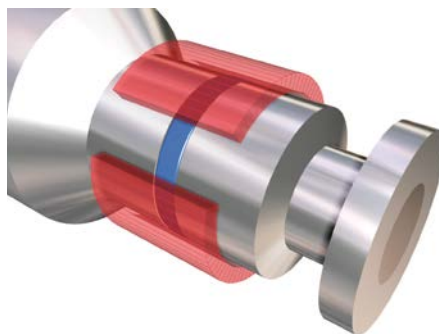
As well as proven serial systems, numerous OEM systems have been developed for customer-specific measurement tasks that are used in different applications.

Advantages

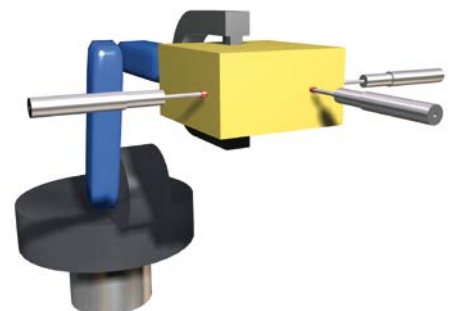
- More than 250 different models with measuring ranges from 1 to 630mm
- Integrated or separate controller
- High accuracy
- Extreme stability and durability
- Different designs with plunger, tube or measuring ring
- High temperature stability



In automated production plants, inductive sensors monitor the manufacturing specifications of the process. Alternative designs enable their integration even under minimal space conditions.



To monitor the clamping position of tools a sensor in the VIP series is integrated into the chuck and directly measures the clamping stroke of the drawbar.



In test equipment, inductive gaging sensors measure the geometry of workpieces for quality assurance purposes.



induSENSOR Series LVDT

Gaging sensor with external controller

Measuring ranges (mm)	± 1 3 5 10
Linearity	$\pm 0.3\%$ FSO
Frequency response	300Hz (-3dB)
Target	Plunger with spring



induSENSOR Series LVDT

Displacement sensors with external controller

Measuring ranges (mm)	± 1 3 5 10 15 25
Linearity	$\pm 0.15\%$ FSO
Frequency response	300Hz (-3dB)
Target	Plunger



induSENSOR Series LDR

Linear displacement sensors with external controller for high temperatures up to 160°C

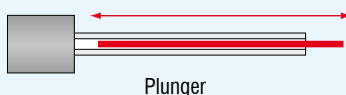
Measuring ranges (mm)	10 25 50
Linearity	$\pm 0.30\%$ FSO
Frequency response	300Hz (-3dB)
Target	Plunger



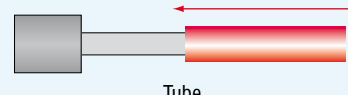
induSENSOR Series EDS

Displacement sensors with integral controller

Measuring ranges (mm)	75 100 160 200 250 300 370 400 500 630
Linearity	$\pm 0.3\%$ FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Frequency response	150Hz (-3dB)
Target	Measuring tube
Pressure resistance	450 bar



Plunger



Tube

Additional features

The induSENSOR product group offers additional features and properties as a substantial advantage compared to conventional inductive probes and sensors.

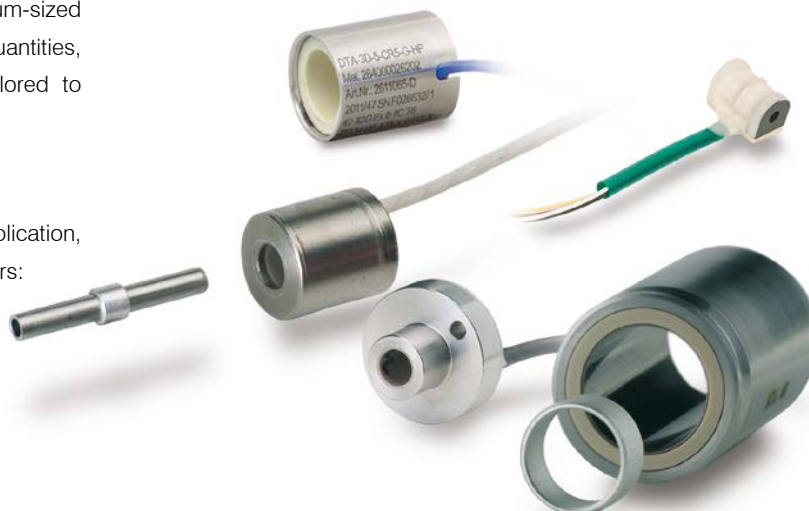
The versions in the series differ from one another in construction, accuracy class and therefore also in their fields of application. The sensors are designed with integral or external electronics and use a plunger and measuring tube as the target. As a result, new fields of application are opening up due to the versatile methods of installation.

Micro-Epsilon also develops sensors for special requirements that are not met by the standard models, the inductive sensors from the standard range can be suitably modified. A commercial implementation can already be achieved with medium-sized quantities. For exceptional applications with large quantities, Micro-Epsilon develops sensors that are precisely tailored to customer requirements.

Environmental conditions

Depending on the location, environment, and application, different circumstances occur that require adapted sensors:

- Ambient temperature
- Pressure
- Interference fields
- Dirt, dust, and moisture
- Vibration, shock
- Seawater, IP69K





Magneto-inductive distance sensors

Magneto-inductive sensors measure displacement, distance or position of a defined magnetic target. The measuring range is 45mm as standard, but can be adjusted from 20mm to 55mm by changing the magnet. This physical measuring principle means the output signal is linear (2 - 10V and 4 - 20mA) and is independent of the measuring range.

Due to this physical effect, measurements can be taken without any interference from non-ferromagnetic materials between the sensor and the target such as aluminum, plastic or ceramics. This is very useful when measuring in a closed system. The installation in non-ferromagnetic materials is also possible.

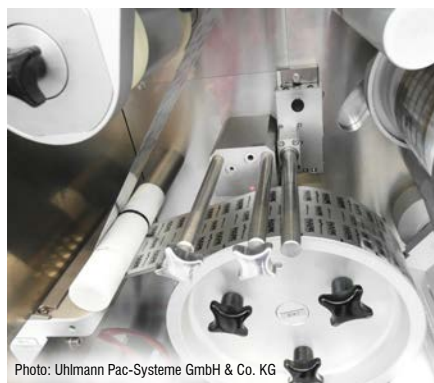
Their flexible sensor design offers a lot of possibilities. The sensor is available as a simple PCB, in a plastic housing or in housings made from stainless steel, which are resistant to chemicals, oil and dirt.

Advantages

- Large measuring range
- Linear output signal
- High dynamics
- Measuring range can be adjusted via magnets
- Different shapes / Compact design



OEM integration in damper of washing machines
Magnet integrated in the damper and sensor mounted externally



Foreign body detection in medical technology
MDS sensor recognizes foreign bodies in blister machines during the tablet packaging process.



Valve lift measurement in the food industry
The sealed stainless steel housings of the MDS-45-Mxx series are ideal for the food industry.



MDS-45-M18-SA

Measuring ranges	20 - 55mm*
Output	2 - 10V
Linearity	±3% FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Pressure resistance	up to 400bar (front)
Frequency response	3kHz (-3dB)



MDS-45-M12

Measuring ranges	20 - 55mm*
Output	2 - 10V
Linearity	±3% FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Axial cable output or connector	
Frequency response	3kHz (-3dB)



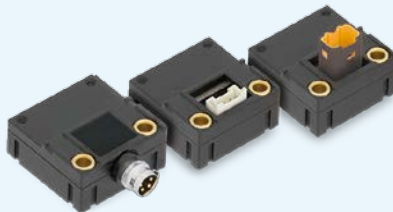
MDS-45-M30-SA

Measuring ranges	20 - 55mm*
Output	2 - 10V / 4 - 20mA
Linearity	±3% FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Pressure resistance	50bar (front)
Frequency response	1kHz (-3dB)



MDS-35-M12-HT

Measuring ranges	20 - 55mm*
Output	2 V ±0.4 V ... 9.6V ±0.4V
Linearity	<±5% FSO
Resolution	<0.05% FSO
Axial cable output or connector	
Frequency response	5kHz (-3dB)
Temperature range	up to 120°C



MDS-40-MK

Measuring ranges	approx. 40mm*
Output	different kinds
Linearity	±3% - 5% FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Quantity	preferred types 1 / 10pcs. freely configurable from 200pcs.



MDS-40-LP

Measuring ranges	approx. 40mm*
Output	square
Linearity	±9% FSO
Resolution	0.05% FSO
Quantity	> 2,000/5,000 pcs. /year

* depending on the magnet

Accessories

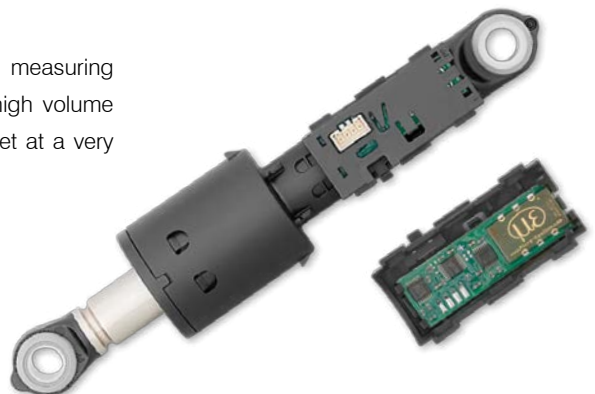
Measuring ranges of magnets: 20mm, 27mm, 35mm, 45mm, 55mm
Power and output cables with M8x1 connector in different types



Flexible sensor design for OEM applications

Due to the flexible sensor design and the significant advantages of this physical measuring principle, various possibilities are available for adjusting the sensor to specific high volume applications. In OEM projects, the requirements of certain applications can be met at a very competitive price level.

- Improved dynamics
- Different housing shapes and materials
- Various output signals
- Special features such as pressure resistance, integrated cables, etc.





Draw-wire sensors for displacement, position and length



The draw-wire principle enables sensors with small dimensions to measure large displacements. The wire is directly fixed on the measurement object. Draw-wire displacement sensors measure the linear movement of a component using a wire made of highly flexible stainless steel strands, which is wound onto a drum by means of a long-life spring motor. The winding drum is axially coupled with a multi-turn potentiometer, an incremental encoder, or an absolute encoder. With the draw-wire principle, a linear movement is transformed into a rotary movement and then converted into a resistance change or into countable increments. Sensors with integrated controller already output displacement-proportional voltage or current.

Different sensor designs range from easy low-cost models to extremely robust designs for industrial applications.

Advantages

- High accuracy
- Large measuring ranges
- Robust and compact
- Easy installation and handling
- Compact design
- Excellent price/performance ratio



Modified OEM draw-wire sensors measure the lifting height on forklift trucks. Despite their compact construction, lifting heights of up to 30m can be detected.



In test benches during load tests, several draw-wire sensors measure the deformation of rotor blades for wind turbines.



Customer-specific draw-wire sensors as important OEM component: Draw-wire sensors monitor the height of lifting platforms on automobile production lines.



wireSENSOR
MK30 / MK46 / MK77 / MK60 / MK88 / MK120
OEM miniature sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	50 150 250 500 750 1000 1250 1500 2100 2300 2400 3000 3500 5000 7500
Analog outputs	Potentiometer, voltage, current
Digital output	Encoder



wireSENSOR MPM
Subminiature sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	50 150 250
Analog output	Potentiometer
Option with wire acceleration up to 100g	



wireSENSOR MP/MPW
Miniature sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	100 300 500 1000
Analog output	Potentiometer
Option with protection class IP67	



wireSENSOR P60/P96
Industrial sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	100 150 300 500 750 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000
Analog outputs	Potentiometer, voltage, current
Digital outputs	HTL, TTL, SSI, PB, CO



wireSENSOR P115
Industrial sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	3000 4000 5000 7500 10,000 15,000
Analog outputs	Potentiometer, voltage, current
Digital outputs	HTL, TTL, SSI, PB, CO



wireSENSOR P200
Long-range industrial sensors

Measuring ranges (mm)	30,000 40,000 50,000
Digital outputs	HTL, TTL, SSI, PB, CO

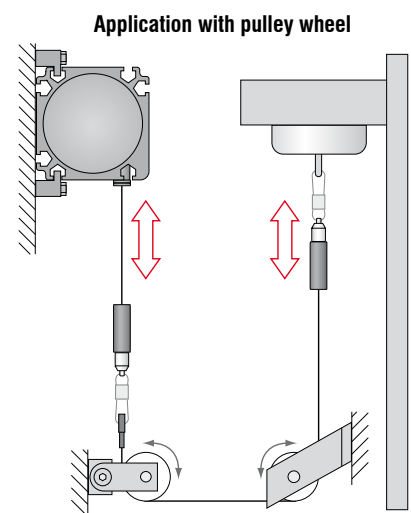
wireSENSOR mechanics

The P96, P115 and P200 series are available as mechanics for mounting with customer-specific encoders.

Compact, reliable and low cost

Different sensor series cover the complete application spectrum of draw-wire sensors. The miniature sensors are very favourably priced and suitable for the integration into restricted installation space due to their miniaturized design. Industrial sensors are extremely robust and used in applications with large measuring ranges. A clear advantage of this draw-wire measuring principle is that the measuring cable can be diverted over deflection pulleys. This property differentiates draw-wire sensors from other measuring principles which normally only measure on one axis.

The sensor housings are kept extremely compact. The well-conceived sensor design enables large measuring ranges to be realized in a space-saving manner. Since only high-quality components are used, the rugged sensors have an extremely long service life - even in continuous use under industrial conditions.





Laser line triangulation: Non-contact 2D/3D profile sensors

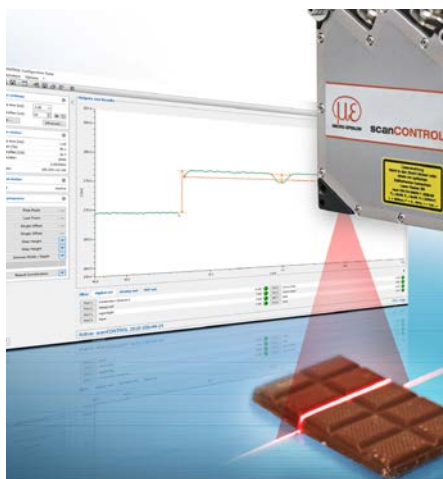


scanCONTROL laser line scanners use the laser triangulation principle for two-dimensional profile detection on different target surfaces.

Unlike conventional point laser sensors, a line optical system projects a laser line onto the surface of the object to be measured. The diffusely reflected light is replicated on a sensor matrix by a high quality optical system. The controller calculates the distance information (z-axis) and the position alongside the laser line (x-axis) in a two-dimensional coordinate system. In the case of moving objects or a traversing sensor, it is therefore possible to obtain 3D measurement values.

Advantages

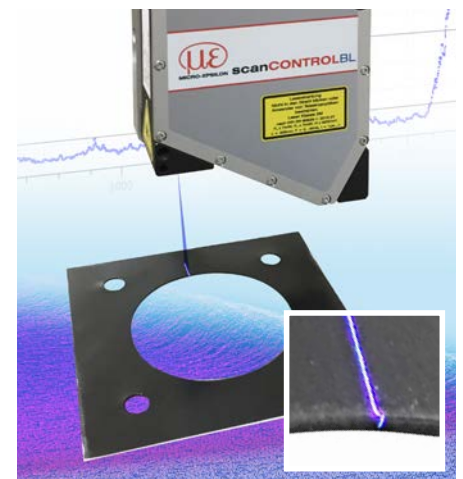
- High accuracy and profile frequency
- High performance signal processor
- Trigger and synchronization options
- Different options for integration by customer
- System solutions from a single source



Quality control in chocolate production



Gap and flushness measurement on bodywork parts



Inline burr measurement on sheet edges in car body manufacturing



scanCONTROL 26xx

Perfect for automation

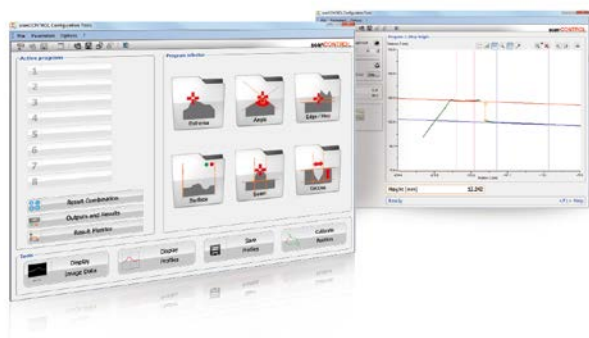
Measuring ranges	Z-axis	up to 265mm
	X-axis	up to 143.5mm
Resolution	X-axis	640 points/profile
Profile frequency	up to 4000Hz	



scanCONTROL 29xx

High-end automation scanner

Measuring ranges	Z-axis	up to 265mm
	X-axis	up to 143.5mm
Resolution	X-axis	1280 points/profile
Profile frequency	up to 2000Hz	



scanCONTROL Configuration Tools

Configuration of various measurement programs with simple mouse interactions

Dynamic tracking of evaluations in the profile

Parameterizing outputs and displaying measured values

Output of measured values across a large number of interfaces



gapCONTROL Setup Software

Sophisticated software for automated gap/flush measurements

Evaluation of different gap types

Simple parameterization of measuring tasks

Configuration of outputs and display of measured values

scanCONTROL 3D View

Can be used with all scanCONTROL sensors

Offline or real-time display of 3D profiles

2D export of profile sequences (png)

3D export (asc, stl) for CAD programs

Intensity per point can be displayed and exported

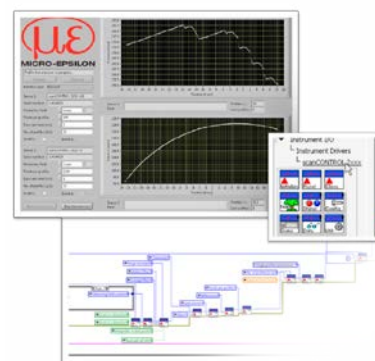


scanCONTROL Software integration

Ethernet GigE Vision

SDK for fast integration in C/C++ (Linux and Windows) or C# (Windows) applications

Example VIs for NI LabVIEW for integration using LLT.DLL or NI IMAQdx





Optical micrometers and fiber optic sensors



Optical optoCONTROL micrometers are based on various measuring techniques. As well as the CCD camera technique using laser or LED lighting, the principle of light quantity measurement is used. Micro-Epsilon micrometers consist of a light source and a receiver or a CCD camera. The light source generates a parallel, continuous light curtain, which is lined up with the receiver. If an object interrupts the light curtain, this shadow or darkening is detected at the receiver unit. The optoCONTROL 1200 series acquires the incident quantity of light, whereas the 1202, 25x0 and 2600 series measure the exact shadow via a CCD array. In this way, dimensional quantities such as diameter, gap, position and segment can be acquired.

The optoCONTROL CLS-K fiber optic sensors are used for applications in harsh environments. Using sophisticated optical fibers near to the target object, the electronic unit can be mounted at a safe distance away. The optoCONTROL CLS-K test and measurement amplifiers are offered as infrared types enabling measurement frequencies of 4 kHz.

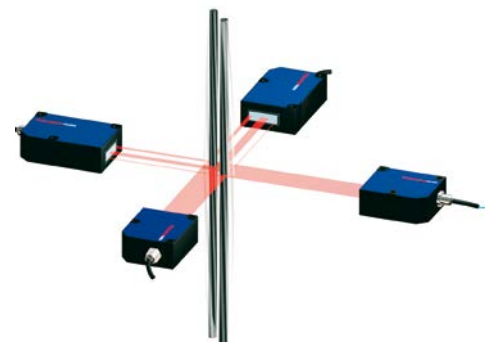
Advantages

- Various models for different applications
- Laser or LED light source
- Extremely compact design
- High accuracy
- High speed measurements
- Large measuring ranges
- Perfect detection of edges, gaps, positions and diameters of round objects
- Inspection and detection of position and presence



During the stamping of threaded rods, micrometers are used for quality assurance in order to determine the exact thread guidance.

Optical micrometers are used for the detection of roller gaps to ensure a constant gap height.



Synchronized micrometers detect the oscillation of tensioned steel lift cables in order to control the oscillation behavior.



optoCONTROL 1200

Compact high-speed micrometer (laser)

Measuring ranges (mm)	2 5 10 16 20 30
Linearity	$\pm 40\mu\text{m}$ (independent)
Resolution	$10\mu\text{m}$
Frequency response	100kHz
Integrated controller	



optoCONTROL 1202

Compact micrometer with large measuring range (laser)

Measuring ranges (mm)	75 98
Linearity	$\pm 150\mu\text{m}$
Resolution	$8\mu\text{m}$
Measuring rate	800Hz
Integrated controller	



optoCONTROL 1220

Optical inline micrometer

Measuring range (mm)	28
Linearity	$\pm 22\mu\text{m}$
Resolution	typ. $2\mu\text{m}$
Working distance	up to 2000mm
Integrated controller	



optoCONTROL 2500

High-resolution micrometer (laser)

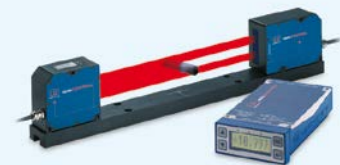
Measuring range (mm)	34
Linearity	$\pm 10\mu\text{m}$
Resolution	$1\mu\text{m}$
Measuring rate	2.3kHz
External controller	



optoCONTROL 2520

Compact laser micrometer (class 1M)

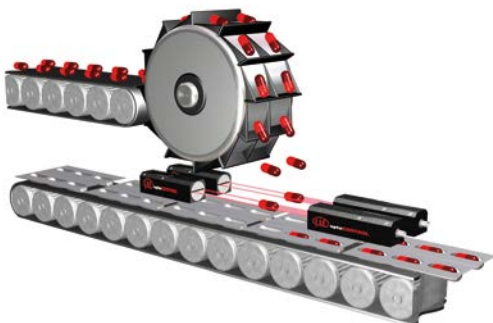
Measuring range (mm)	46
Linearity	$\pm 12\mu\text{m}$
Resolution	$1\mu\text{m}$
Measuring rate	2.5kHz
Integrated controller (web interface)	



optoCONTROL 2600

High-resolution micrometer (LED)

Measuring range (mm)	40
Linearity	$\pm 3\mu\text{m}$
Resolution	$0.1\mu\text{m}$
Measuring rate	2.3kHz
External controller	



Presence monitoring in fast processes

The 1200 series can solve measurement tasks as well as presence monitoring. The versatile concept with enormously high frequency response and compact design opens up numerous fields of application.

optoCONTROL CLS-K

Fiber optic sensors

Applications:

Edge detection
Counting tasks
Assembly control
Gap recognition
Scanning tasks in Ex areas
Presence monitoring and position control
Recognition of brightness and reflection





Color sensors, color measurement system and LED Analyzers



The colorSENSOR series is applied in color detection applications. The sensors compare the current color of the measured object with the target colors that were set up via the sensor's Teach-In function. The new colorSENSOR CFO sensors operate with optical fibers close to the target object reducing influences by the environment. The color sensor using highly developed fiber optics close to the target object can be placed at a safe distance. The colorSENSOR OT series enables measurements from larger distances using a fixed lens. The non-contact colorCONTROL ACS7000 color measurement system detects slightest color differences ($\Delta E < 0.08$) with measurement frequencies of up to 2000Hz. These sensors are applied in automation technology, medical packaging, quality control, painting, surface-labelling and printing technology tasks. The colorCONTROL MFA LED Analyzers inspect function, color and intensity of LEDs, lamps and light sources at up to 495 testing positions in parallel.

Advantages

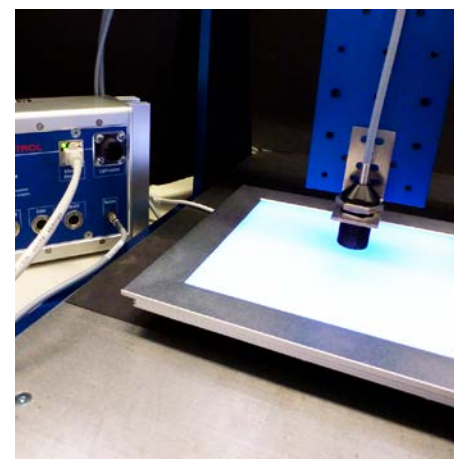
- Simple quality control
- Easy and fast commissioning
- Many sensors to suit any application
- Optical fiber close to the object to be measured
- Large distance from the object
- Non-contact color measurement
- Measurement accuracies ΔE up to 0.08
- Measurement frequencies up to 30kHz



Detection of the color identity of attachments in automotive manufacturing.



Color and intensity tests of vehicle lights.



Color and homogeneity measurements of LED/lighting panel.



colorSENSOR CFO

Color recognition using optical fibers close to the target object

Repeatability	$\geq \Delta E 0.5$
Software teach	1 - 254 colors can be saved
Button teach	1 - 254 colors can be saved



colorSENSOR OT

Color recognition using fixed optics at a distance from 10 - 800mm

Repeatability	$\geq \Delta E 0.5$
Color sensor for different surfaces such as matt, shiny or structured surfaces	



colorCONTROL MFA

Color recognition of LEDs and self-luminous objects

5 to 495 measuring points	
Test of function, intensity color	
Color test in HSI and RGB	



Optical fibers

High precision optical fibers can be adapted to work with colorSENSOR CFO color sensors

Ambient temperatures	-40°C to 400°C
Distances	8 - 200mm
Detection ranges	0.2 - 30mm

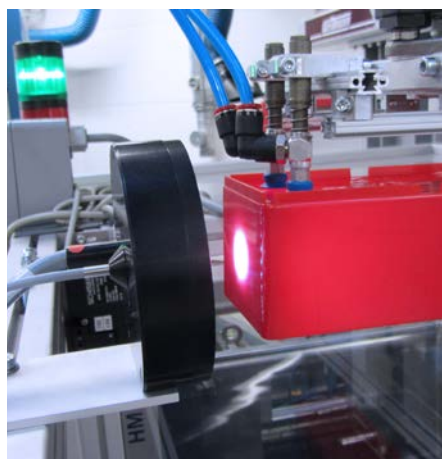


colorCONTROL ACS7000

Inline color measurement system for non-contact measurement

Measurement geometrics	Transmission sensor, circular sensor, 30°/0° sensor
Repeatability	$< \Delta E 0.08$
Spectral measuring range	390 - 780nm
Spectral resolution	5nm
Color recognition from a taught reference list	

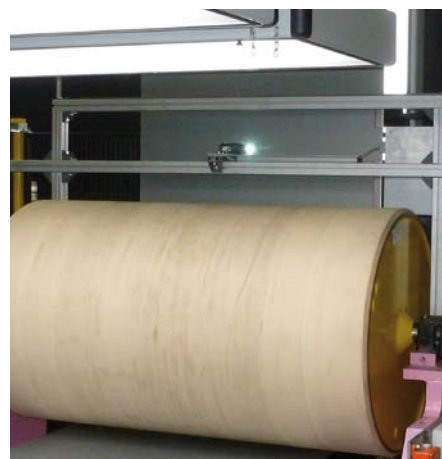
Webinterface - colorCONTROL ACS 7000



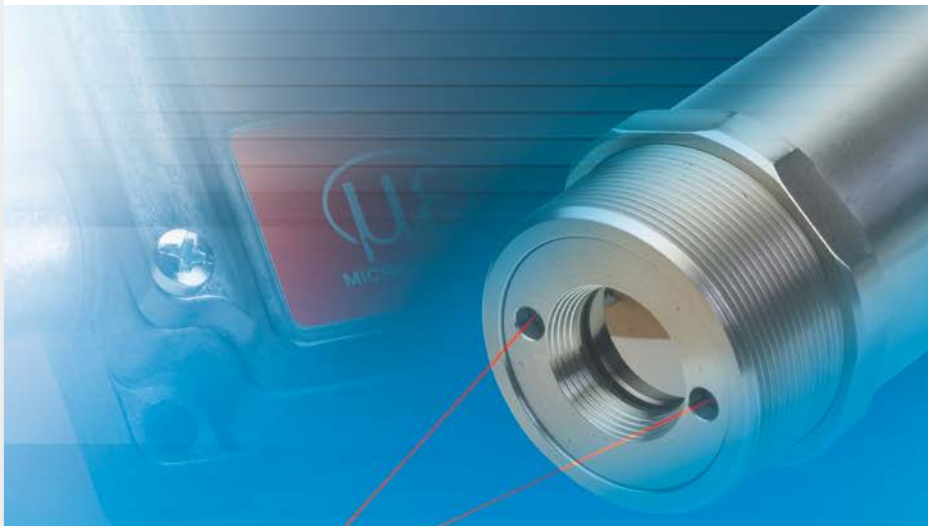
Inline color measurement of plastic injection-molded parts directly after demoulding.



Inline color gradient measurement of transparent film and acrylic glasses.



Color measurement of continuous strip coating such as aluminum, zinc and paper during production.



Non-contact IR temperature sensors



Infrared thermometers determine the object temperature without contact based on the infrared radiation emitted by the object according to the radiation law of Planck and Boltzmann. A detector converts the incoming infrared radiation into an electrical signal. An amplified and linearized temperature value can then be used for further processing. The use of either hand-held devices, thermal imaging cameras or sensors to be permanently installed opens up various opportunities to measure and display temperature profiles in numerous fields of applications.

Trend setting infrared sensor technology for process automation

thermoMETER IR sensors combine high accuracy with ambient temperatures of up to 250°C without cooling. New IR sensor elements with small dimensions and high sensitivity enable outstanding sensor characteristics such as response times of 1ms. Sophisticated temperature sensors are mainly used in research and development, maintenance and process monitoring.

Advantages

- Ease of use
- Non-contact measurement
- No risk with inspections of hot and hard-to-access targets or components operating under load
- Robust, wear-free and reliable



Temperature measurement in the plastics industry
Highly accurate detection of the surface temperature using infrared pyrometers.



Temperature measurement in the glass industry
Control of process temperatures and quality assurance in production plants.



Temperature measurement in the metals industry
Temperature monitoring in the cooling processes of forged parts using the CTLaser M1.



thermoMETER CS / CSmicro / CSLaser

Compact, miniature and low cost
 Temperature ranges from -40°C to 1600°C
 Robust, silicon-coated lens
 Integral controller
 Scalable analog output: 0-10V / 0-5V
 Ideal for OEM, also available as two-wire model and high-resolution version



thermoMETER CTratioM1

Glass fiber ratio thermometer
 Temperature ranges from 700°C to 1800°C
 Up to 250°C ambient temperature without cooling
 Measurement depends only on the emissivity ratio but not on the absolute emissivity
 Extremely short response time of 5 ms



thermoMETER CTLaser

Extremely precise IR sensor with laser sighting
 Temperature ranges from -50°C to 975°C
 Infrared sensors with up to 75:1 optical resolution from 0.9 mm measurement spot
 Double laser marks the exact spot location from a spot size of 1mm
 Response time from 9ms



thermoMETER CTLaser M1/M2/M3

For metal production with reduced wavelength: 50°C to 2200°C

thermoMETER CTLaser M5 (525nm)

For liquid metals: 1000°C - 2000°C

thermoMETER CTLaserGLASS

For glass measurement: 100°C to 1650°C

thermoMETER CTLaserCOMBUSTION

For measurement of flames: 200°C to 1450°C



thermoMETER CT

Extremely low cost and high accuracy
 Temperature ranges from -50°C to 975°C
 One of the smallest infrared sensors worldwide with 22:1 optical resolution
 Up to 180°C ambient temperature without cooling

thermoMETER CTP7 / CTP3

For thin plastic films from 0°C to 500°C



thermoMETER CTM1/M2/M3

For metal processing,
 Temperature ranges from 50°C to 2200°C

thermoMETER CThot

For difficult ambient conditions up to 250°C ambient temperature without cooling

thermoMETER CTM-3XL

For laser welding processes from 100°C to 1800°C

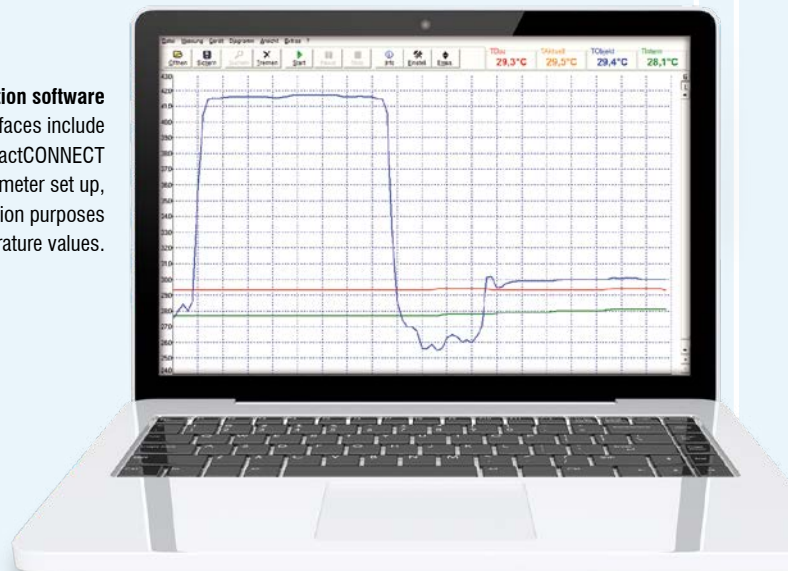


thermoMETER CT Video/CS Video

Infrared temperature sensors with crosshair laser sighting and video output
 Temperature ranges from 50°C to 2200°C
 Parallel use of video module and crosshair laser sighting for measuring field adjustment
 Measurements on hot metals, ceramics and composite materials
 Automatic snapshot feature for process monitoring and documentation

License-free evaluation software

Sensors with digital interfaces include the license-free compactCONNECT software for easy parameter set up, analysis and documentation purposes of measured temperature values.





USB thermal imagers



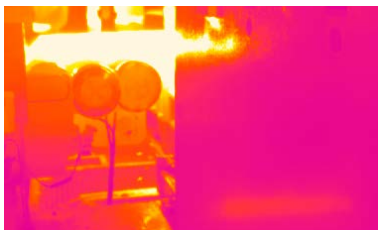
thermoIMAGER infrared cameras

Powered from a single USB cable, the system is truly plug-and-play. Data is streamed in real time from the camera to the software via USB interface. This process and analysis tool, provided with every camera, enables the user to capture, record and monitor real time thermal process images at 128Hz. The software stores the data in a file, which enables playback at user-defined speeds, e.g. in slow motion or frame-by-frame. Thermal images can be viewed either online with the camera connected, or offline at a later time without camera. In addition, the software can be used as a runtime application where the user is able to program and configure a custom environment (e.g. multiple monitoring windows, alarms, hot spot localization, line profiling etc.). Advanced interface concepts enable the integration into networks and automated systems.

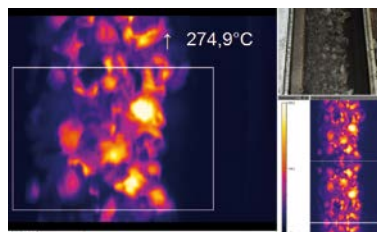
Advantages

- Ease of use
- Non-contact measurement without influencing the target object
- Enables inspection of hot, fast moving or hard-to-access objects in hazardous environments
- Fast recognition of weak points in power distribution systems, machines and production processes
- Compact design
- Software Developer Kit incl. examples such as C, C++, C#

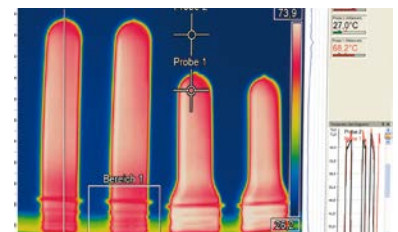
Applications



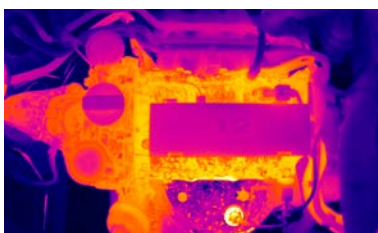
Temperature monitoring in hot rolling processes



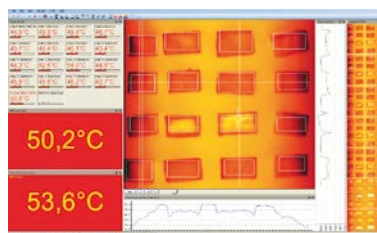
Monitoring a coal conveyor belt



Thermal image shots of preforms in PET bottle production



Razor-sharp infrared pictures and videos for process optimization



Exact temperature measurement on moving glass surfaces due to line scan feature



Temperature monitoring for building thermography



thermoIMAGER TIM 160

Temperature ranges:
-20°C to 900°C (special model 1500°C)
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of 0.08K
Exchangeable lenses 6°/23°/48°FOV or 72°FOV
Real-time thermography with 120Hz frame rate via USB 2.0 interface
Extremely lightweight (195g) and robust (IP67)
Extremely compact dimensions 45x45x62mm
Analog input and output, trigger interface



thermoIMAGER TIM 200/230

BI-SPECTRAL technology
Temperature ranges:
-20°C to 900°C (special model 1500°C)
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of 0.08K
Exchangeable lenses 6°/23°/48°FOV or 72°FOV
Real-time thermography with 128Hz frame rate
Time synchronous, real-time image recording (VIS) with 32Hz (640 x 480 pixels)



thermoIMAGER TIM 400/450

Detector with 382 x 288 pixels
Temperature ranges:
-20°C to 900°C (special model 1500°C)
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of up to 0.04 K
Exchangeable lenses 13°, 38° or 62° FOV & industrial accessories
Image recording in real time at 80Hz
Analog input and output, trigger interface



thermoIMAGER TIM 640

Thermography in VGA resolution
640 x 480 pixels
Temperature ranges from -20°C to 900°C
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of 0.075K
Radiometric video recording with 32Hz
Analog input and output, trigger interface



thermoIMAGER TIM G7 / G7 VGA

Thermal imaging camera with line scan feature for the glass industry
Image frequency of 80Hz/125 Hz
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of 0.13K
Robust against ambient temperatures up to 70°C without requiring additional cooling, up to 315°C with cooling jacket



thermoIMAGER TIM M1 / TIM M05

Thermal imaging camera for hot metal surfaces
Measuring ranges: 450 to 1800°C / 900 to 2000°C
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of <1 K
Optical resolution: 764 x 480 pixels
Spectral range: 0.92 - 1.1µm / 500 - 540 nm



thermoIMAGER Microscope lens

Thermal imaging camera with microscope lens
Temperature ranges: -20 to 100°C / 0 to 250°C / 150 to 900°C
Excellent thermal sensitivity (NETD) of 90mK or 120mK
Optical resolution: 382x288 or 640x480 pixels
Smallest spot size: 42µm / 28µm
Spectral range: 7,5 - 13 µm



thermoIMAGER NetPC

Embedded, industrial PC solution with passive cooling for thermoIMAGER applications
Supports all thermoIMAGER TIM models
Integrated watchdog feature



Special model:

TIM LightWeight

Extra light thermoIMAGER mini PC for flight applications
Total weight 350g incl. camera
"Record button" on the camera housing



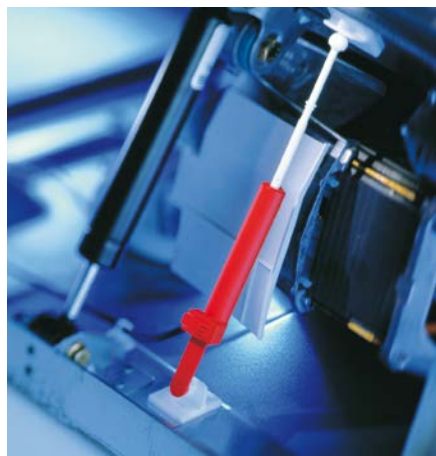
Innovative sensor solutions for specific applications

As well as standard sensors based on various measuring principles, Micro-Epsilon has developed numerous sensor solutions for special applications, which go beyond pure displacement and position measurement.

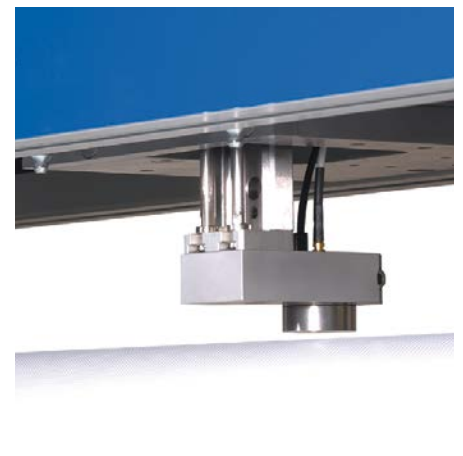
These application-specific sensors have been developed and optimized for special measurement tasks according to customers' specifications, incorporating the company's expertise gained from more than 45 years designing, developing and applying sensor systems. High performance and reliability at cost-effective OEM conditions are the main focus of Micro-Epsilon developments.



Inline yarn thickness measurement



Load detection in washing machines



Non-contact, inline thickness measurement of plastic films



DZ140

Sensors for rotational speed measurement of turbochargers for vehicle and test cell use

Optimized for modern, thin blades made from aluminum or titanium

Speed range from 200 to 400,000 rpm

Wide operating temperature range

Large distance between sensor & blade

No rotor modification required



idiamCONTROL

Non-contact inspection of extruder bores

Non-contact and wear-free measurement for all metals without additional calibration

Exact, non-destructive inspection



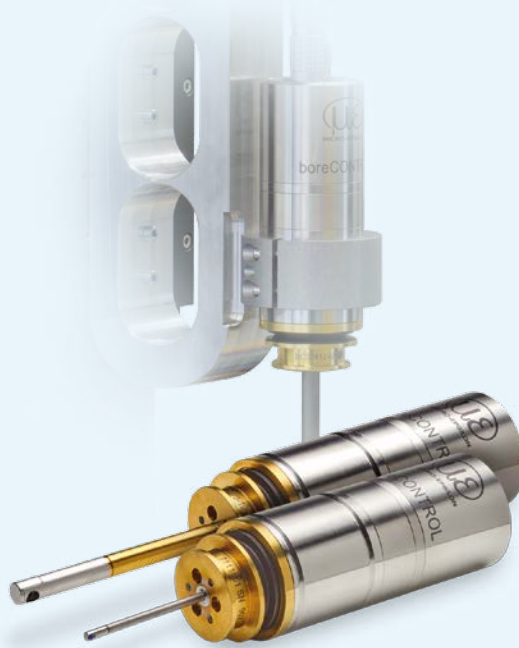
SGS Spindle Growth System

Sensor system developed for measuring the thermal extension of milling spindles

Measuring range 500 μ m

Resolution 0.5 μ m

High temperature range



boreCONTROL

Non-contact interior wall inspection of bore holes

Sampling rate up to 25kHz

Use in small bore holes from 4mm

Precise diameter detection

Optical temperature compensation

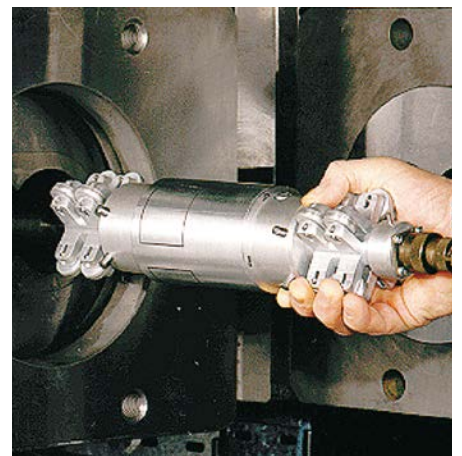
Measuring ranges 4mm - 10mm, 8mm - 12.8 mm and 10mm - 16mm



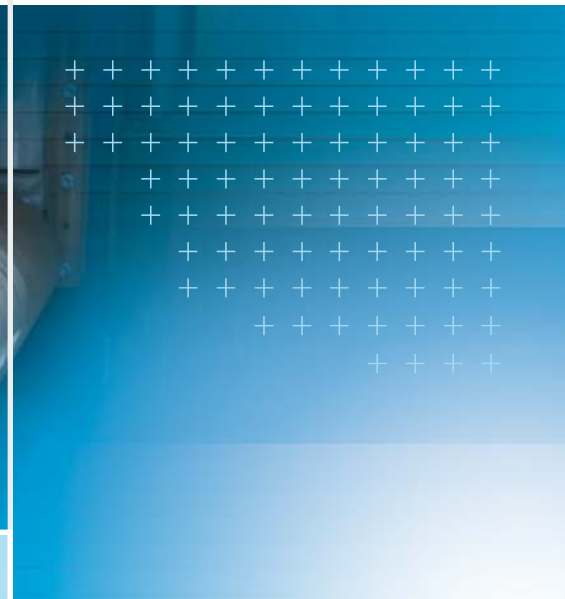
Rotational speed measurement of turbochargers



Measuring the thermal extension of spindles



Inspection of inner diameter in extruder bores



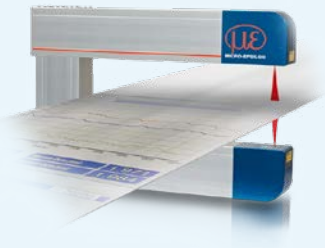
Measurement and inspection systems

System solutions from Micro-Epsilon are measurement systems that go beyond pure sensor systems. Sensors, software and the mechanical system are blended together to form one integrated overall system, which is used for process monitoring and quality assurance in production lines. The sensor and software modules used originate from the Micro-Epsilon group, enabling optimum and efficient component matching.

Micro-Epsilon turnkey measurement systems are integrated into existing or newly designed production lines to execute fully automated quality control applications such as thickness measurement, surface inspection and parts classification.



For each measurement task there is a suitable measurement concept. As well as laser sensors, micrometers, eddy current and capacitive sensors, image processing solutions and special combined sensors are also used. Signal processing and output can be arranged to suit the application requirements. The measurement systems communicate with existing environments over various interfaces and can therefore also be integrated retrospectively into existing production lines.



C-frame for metal thickness measurement

For fast measurements
Laser point or innovative laser line
All alloys without calibration



Powerful C-frames for harsh environments

Various measuring ranges
Proven protection and cleaning concepts
Several C-frames with only one IPC



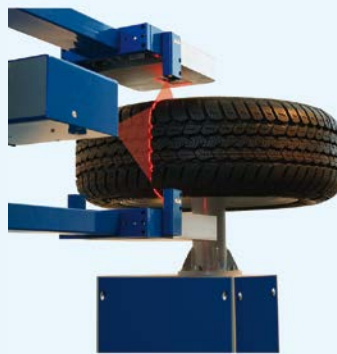
O-frame systems for the metal industry

Most modern thickness profile measurement
Without isotopes and X-rays
Reliable measurement independent from strip movement, tilt, surface type and alloys



Systems for the preparation area in the rubber and tire production

Profilometer
Color code
Length measurement



Final finishing systems in the rubber and tire production

Tire geometry
Tire marking
Tire identity



Systems for plastics inspection

C-frames for thickness measurement of flat film
O-frame systems for profile thickness measurement
Reverse-frame systems for the profile measurement of blown films



surfaceCONTROL

3D inspection of mat surfaces
Detection and evaluation of 3D surface data within a few seconds



reflectCONTROL Automotive

Fully automatic surface inspection of painted car bodies
Recognition of defects, inclusions, craters etc.



reflectCONTROL Automation

Inspection of shiny surfaces
Defect detection & 3D shape measurement



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